

Model Lesson Plan Social Studies

Grade 3 - Topic 8 - Montana Reservation Governments

Stage 1 - Desired Results

Established Goals:

- A reservation needs a government, just like towns and cities need governments. (GLE 3.2.4)
- Identify some major responsibilities of local and tribal governments. (GLE 3.2.4)

Understandings:

- Governments take care of business for citizens, and make rules for us all to live by.
- Each Montana reservation has a government which takes care of the business for the reservation. (GLE 3.2.3, 4)
- Our (town, county, city—use the one closest to your situation) has a government which takes care of the government business for citizens. (GLE 3.2.3, 4)

Essential Questions:

- What is a reservation?
- What are governments?
- How do governments help us?
- How is responsibility connected to government?
- Why is it important to understand reservations and their governments?
- How does my culture shape me? How does it shape the government?

Students will know...

• How government (tribal) meet the needs of citizens.

Students will be able to...

- Tell about Montana government and how it takes care of state business
- Tell about local area (or town) government.
- Tell about reservation government.
- Tell why governments are shaped by what their people need.

Stage 2 - Assessment Evidence

Performace Tasks:

- Tell/write about Montana government, local government, and reservation government.
- Actively participate in "Kids with Questions" session.
- Complete synopsis of session recorded in notebook.

Other Evidence:

Stage 3 - Learning Plan

Learning Activities:

- W= Students receive the assignment and expectations, including the list of vocabulary and concepts they are expected to know, the Essential Questions, Understandings, and the materials they need to complete their work.
- H= Teacher and students should discuss the Essential Questions. These Essential Questions will guide their discussions and the whole-class activity.
- E= Teachers guide the discussion activities carefully, checking frequently for student understanding and misconceptions.
- R= Students listen carefully; the purpose is to learn more, and where necessary, revise their ideas about government, based on their understandings. By the end of the discussion, students should be able to tell how state, local and tribal governments are alike. Some (but not all) may also be state some of the differences among the three types of government.
- E= Students state their own understanding of what the Montana government does for citizens, and what the tribal government does for tribal members.
- T= Students who are not able to complete all features of the assignment (they may have an IEP, for example) should perform based on their different needs and abilities.
- O= Students will complete the activities in about four class periods (about 25-30 minutes each); this should keep student engagement and learning high.

Winter 2006



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"KIDS WITH QUESTIONS?"

- 1. At this point in their study, students should be able to use their reservation maps to identify the closest tribal government, contact that tribal chairperson, or a local tribal member, and invite that person to the classroom for a discussion of Tribal Government, operations, policies, and responsibilities.
- 2. Students should also contact the Mayor/County Commissioner of their community and invite that person to the classroom to discuss city/county government. This special occasion can be done with multiple or individual classrooms.
- 3. Invite both individuals for the same class session if possible. This will provide the students an excellent opportunity to compare and contrast following the visit.
- 4. The essential component of this activity is student preparation! Make certain the essential questions are integrated into all parts of this activity.
- 5. Students should extensively discuss what they want to know using the inquiry process, prior to the government discussion.
- 6. Prior to the visit, questions and follow up questions should be recorded/written, and divided up among students, so each student has a question or follow up question.
- 7. Development of this inquiry will require not only the use of the inquiry process but also advance anticipation of answers guest speakers might give (teacher help definitely needed for this component).
- 8. Ask students if they have seen reporters question local leaders or the President of the United States on television. Try to configure this session so that the same setting is simulated.
- 9. Students, teachers, and guest speakers should have great fun working together to enhance understanding of both government functions.
 How are these governments alike, and how they are different.
- 10. Following the guest speaker forum, students should individually, or in small groups, write to both speakers, citing one piece of information that the speaker explained in a way that increased student understanding. They should also thank the speaker for coming to their class.
- 11. A synopsis of this enjoyable event should be recorded in student notebooks (follow-up activity). This can be completed individually, or in small groups.
- 12. Expansion of activity: If time have students make refreshments, if familiar with guest speakers have a few "stump the speaker" questions!

Vocabulary:

- reservation, government, leaders, citizens
- responsibility

Teacher Resources:

2

- Continue to tie to social studies grade three government/community information with this lesson.
- List of contact information of local community, county, and tribal leaders.
- OPI Indian Education Website www.opi.mt.gov/indianed

Winter 2006